## $\bar{d}$ -approachability, entropy density and $\mathscr{B}$ -free shifts

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Let  $\bar{d}$  denote the pseudometric on the full shift over a finite alphabet A given by the upper asymptotic density of the set of positions at which two A-valued sequences differ. Write  $\bar{d}^H$  for the associated Hausdorff pseudometric for subsets of the full shift. We study which properties of shift spaces (shifts) are closed with respect to  $\bar{d}^H$ . In particular, we study shifts, which are  $\bar{d}^H$  limits of their Markov approximations. We call these shifts  $\bar{d}$ -approachable. We provide a topological characterization of chain mixing  $\bar{d}$ -approachable shifts analogous to Friedman-Ornstein's characterization of Bernoulli processes. We prove that many specification properties imply d-approachability. It follows that mixing shifts of finite type, mixing sofic shifts, and beta-shifts are  $\bar{d}$ -approachable. We construct minimal and proximal examples of mixing d-approachable shifts. We also show that d-approachability and chain-mixing imply d-stability, a property recently introduced by Tim Austin. This leads to examples of minimal or proximal  $\bar{d}$ -stable shift spaces, answering a question posed by Austin. Finally, we show that the set of shifts with entropy-dense ergodic measures is  $\bar{d}^H$  closed. Note that entropy-density of ergodic measures is known to follow from the specification property, but the minimal or proximal examples are far from having any specification. Finally, we show entropy-density for a class of shifts that includes many interesting  $\mathscr{B}$ -free shifts. These shift spaces are not  $\bar{d}$ approachable, but they are  $\bar{d}^H$  limits of sequences of transitive sofic shifts, and this implies entropy-density.

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